

The Cantrell Report

Pertinent Information for Apartment Owners
January 1, 2016

	_	Area New Jobs	1 Mo	6 Mo	12 Mo
JOB	GROWTH	Estimate		End 11/30	
		Dallas/Plano/Irving	12,200	41,300	88,900
		Fort Worth/Arlington	3,200	(1,600)	12,300
			15,400	39,700	101,200
		Rates	•	END 12/31	Yr. Ago
INTEREST	RATES ₂	10 Year Treasury		2.24%	2.12%
		11th District COFI		0.64%	0.69%
		1 Mo. LIBOR		0.42%	0.17%
		Best all in rates for the best	properties are a	around 3.50%.	
SUPPLY/	DEMAND ₃	Units Added/	6 Mo	12 Mo	24 Mo
		Absorbed	End 12/31	End 12/31	End 12/31
		Dallas County			
		Added	3,681	8,903	19,196
		Absorbed	3,143	11,623	20,547
		Tarrant County			
		Added	1,978	4,358	7,758
		Absorbed	2,078	5,249	9,375
OCCUPANCY	RATES ₃	Dallas County			12 Mo Ago
		2000's	87.3%	86.4%	84.6%
		1990's	95.6%	96.0%	94.7%
		1980's	94.4%	95.0%	94.0%
		1970's or Older	93.0%	93.0%	92.0%
		Tarrant County 2000's	90.1%	90 60/	00.89/
		1990's	95.4%	89.6% 95.6%	90.8% 95.2%
		1980's	94.9%	95.2%	94.0%
		1970's or Older	93.4%	93.0%	91.3%
RENTAL	RATES 3	<u>Dallas County</u> 2000's	\$1,382	\$1,370	12 Mo Ago \$1,313
		1990's	\$1,211	\$1,214	\$1,158
		1980's	\$830	\$811	\$764
		1970's or Older	\$778	\$762	\$734
		Tarrant County	****	*	,
		2000's	\$1,166	\$1,156	\$1,102
		1990's	\$1,103	\$1,095	\$1,035
		1980's	\$808	\$773	\$731
		1970's or Older	\$733	\$708	\$678
HISTORICAL	JOB GROWTH	Average year change of the combined DFW MSA's		kforce Commis	sion
		2007 82,200	E Bankquoto.	m - Rental rate	s are
		2008 2,500 2009 (94,900)	after conce		1
		2009 (94,900) 2010 50,800	are all bills p	% of 70's or old aid.	ier
		2011 51,200			
		2012 79,200 2013 95,000			
		2014 141,300	1		

2015 totals show North Texas real estate market is near an all-time high

By Steve Brown

Recession? What recession?

As 2015 winds down, real estate activity in North Texas is near an all-time

Looking at the latest statistics, there's almost no sign that the Great Recession ever happened.

You couldn't say that five years ago when the market was coming out of the economic crash.

While Dallas-Fort Worth fared much better than most U.S. urban markets, the housing crash and financial sector shakedown were certainly felt in these parts. That's easy to forget in these halcyon days of Toyota, soaring job gains and rocketing real estate values.

Remember back in 2009, when local home foreclosures were jumping and commercial property projects were getting put on hold? Those days are long past.

The 2015 snapshot of D-FW's real estate market takes things to a new level. At the end of the year, almost 9 million square feet of office space is under construction in North Texas — about 40 percent more than at the top of the last building cycle in 2007.

With 38,000 units in the pipeline, apartment construction in the D-FW area is at the highest point since the 1980s boom. Apartment building is about 80 percent greater than it was before the recession.

More than 15 million square feet of warehouse and industrial buildings are going up around the D-FW area — one of the top industrial building volumes in the country and enough to push warehouse development past the previous cycle peak.

Even retail building, which has lagged other commercial real estate sectors thanks to Internet buying, has recovered to close to where it was in 2007. The biggest gains have come in the housing market.

Preowned home sales are set to hit a new high in North Texas in 2015, with more than 90,000 single-family houses sold by real estate agents.

And median home sales prices are at an all-time high of more than \$200,000 in the Dallas-Fort Worth area. Prices are about 20 percent above where they were at the peak of the market in 2007.

The only real estate sector that's still lagging pre-recession days is the homebuilding business. A shortage of labor and building lots along with rising material prices have kept a lid on single-family home construction in North Texas.

This year builders will start about 28,000 houses — the best showing in eight years. But that still doesn't stack up to the roughly 50,000 houses the industry was churning out in North Texas before the recession.

Given the constraints on builders, it's unlikely that the homebuilding market in the D-FW area will match previous records in the current building cycle. That record will remain for some future building boom.

So where do we go from here?

The modest interest rate increases just enacted by the Federal Reserve won't be enough to pull down North Texas' hot property markets. Neither will the energy industry slowdown caused by oil price declines.

But together those factors are a drag on the local economy. Job growth has already subsided from last year's record level.

I'm betting that 2015 was the peak year for this property market boom. Next year will still be a great time for real estate — just not at the level of 2015. We're five years into the current rebound in North Texas real estate. Typically, five years is a pretty good run.

The strong local economy will keep the property markets perking longer this time.

But the clock is still ticking.

North Texas' real estate market hit a new high in 2015, but the pressure of higher interest rates and slowing job growth will cool things next year.

Sam Pettigrew, Partner 972-630-6691 spettigrew@cantrellcompany.com Thomas Hooke, Associate 972-630-6696 thooke@cantrellcompany.com Jessica Erdmier 972-630-6697 jerdmier@cantrellcompany.com